Math 280 Problems for November 1

Pythagoras Level

- 1. Two zombies randomly pop out of the ground along a straight line of length 2 meters. What is the probability they will be within 1/3 meter apart?
- 2. You've been killing zombies all day and your genius side-kick just solved a differential equation and found that soon the amount of zombies left will be:

$$z = \sqrt[3]{2 + \sqrt{5}} + \sqrt[3]{2 - \sqrt{5}}.$$

However, she and her work are eaten by a zombie before she could simplify. Show that z = 1. (Note: All your computers and calculators were destroyed by zombies.)

Newton Level

- 3. A zombie is standing in a coordinate plane at (1,0). Your zombie death ray works best at a distance 1 from a zombie. You decide to run along a path given by $y = x^p$ from the point (0,0) to (1,1). For what positive real numbers p is the maximal distance from the zombie to your path equal to 1?
- 4. For p and q real number with p > q, compute

$$\int_0^1 (1-x^{1/p})^q dx - \int_0^1 (1-x^{1/q})^p dx$$

Hint: Zombies!

Wiles Level

5. For real numbers u, let $\{u\} = u - \lfloor u \rfloor$ denote the fractional part of u. Here $\lfloor u \rfloor$ denotes, as usual, the greatest integer less than or equal to u. For example, $\{\pi\} = \pi - 3$, and $\{-2.4\} = -2.4 - (-3) = 0.6$. Find all real x such that

$$\{(x+1)^3\} = x^3$$

- 6. Let G be the set of all continuous functions $f: \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$, satisfying the following properties.
 - f(x) = f(x+1) for all x,
 - $\int_0^1 f(x)dx = 2010$.

Show that there is a number α such that $\alpha = \int_0^1 \int_0^x f(x+y) dy dx$ for all $f \in G$.